

## SUMMARY OF FUNCTION TRANSFORMATIONS

*outside - vertical*

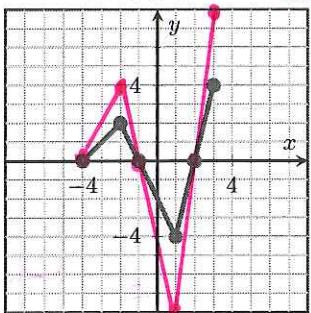
$$y = Af(B(x + h)) + k$$

*inside - horizontal*

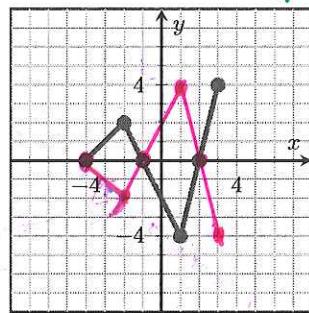
The graph of  $y = Af(B(x + h)) + k$  is a transformation of the graph of  $y = f(x)$ . The transformations can be done in the following order:

- $A$ : The function stretches or compresses vertically by a factor of  $|A|$ . If  $A$  is negative, the function also reflects across the  $x$ -axis.
- $B$ : The function stretches or compresses horizontally by a factor of  $\frac{1}{|B|}$ . If  $B$  is negative, the function also reflects across the  $y$ -axis.
- $h$ : The function shifts horizontally by  $h$  units. If  $h > 0$ , the function shifts left. If  $h < 0$ , the function shifts right.
- $k$ : The function shifts vertically by  $k$  units. If  $k > 0$ , the function shifts up. If  $k < 0$ , the function shifts down.

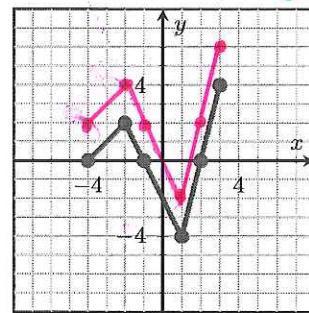
$y = 2f(x)$  vertical stretch



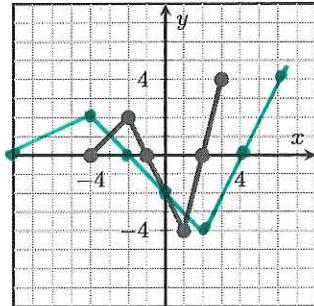
$y = -f(x)$  vertical flip



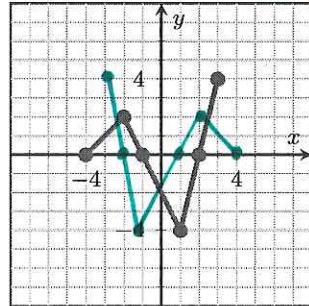
$y = f(x) + 2$  vertical shift up 2



$y = f(\frac{1}{2}x)$  horizontal stretch by 2



$y = f(-x)$  horizontal flip



$y = f(x + 2)$  horizontal shift left 2

